rom the eastern cities. The American Express Company has our tranks for its daily favors in the shape of the very latest eastern papers.

For Justice of the Peace, JACOB KRONENBITTER.

the Union Democracy of Frank-Notice is hereby given to the Union Democ racy of Franklin county, to meet on FRIDAY, usr 2d, between the hours of THREE and six o'clock, p. m., in the townships, and six and monr p. m., in the wards, at the usual places of holding elections (excepting Norwich township, which will be held at SCHOFIELD's School House, and the 4th ward at Gaven's room, and the 1st ward at E. BELLER's), to appoint delegates to attend the County Convention, to meet at the City Hall, in the City of Columbus,

fraction of twenty-five votes so cast:

1st Ward,	7	Hamilton	Tp.
24 "	5	Mifflin	- 11
3d "	5	Washington	**
4th **	6	Madison	**
5th 6	13	Blendon	44
Montgomery To	6	Norwich	**
Truro "	4	Jefferson	**
Prairie "	3	Jackson	44
Clinton	3	Sharon	(1
Pleasant 4	3	Franklin	46
Brown "	1	Plain	.41
Perry "	4		

WM. DOMIGAN, H. W. MILLER, JOHN M. PUGH, WM. COOPER, J. BULEN, J. REINHARD. JAMES HORLOCKER, SAM'L DOYLE, R. Pickerel,
County Central Committee

Public Auction. Will be sold, on Thursday morning, Aug. 1st at 11 o'clock, at auction, No. 11 State street, all the unclaimed baggage of the Neil House,

consisting of Trunks, Carpet Bags, etc. W. FAILING. W. R. KENT, Auctioneer.

Council Procesoings -At the meeting o the City Council on Monday evening last, President DONALDSON presented the petition of R. HILLS, Superintendent of the Central Ohio Lunatic Asylum, asking for sundry improvements, such as gas-lights, sewers, etc., on Broad street, opposite the Asylum. Referred to the Committee on Sewers and Drainage.

President Donaldson also presented a peti tion from the Executive Committee of the Orphans' Home, for funds from the Hare Charity Fund. Referred to the Committee on that

Mr. Comstock presented the petition of J. P. north side of Mound street, from Sciot street to the canal bridge. Referred to the Fourth Ward Committee.

Mr. Witson introduced an ordinance, which was read twice, to amend section 3 of an or. dinance to provide for the improvement of streets, alleys and sidewalks, passed July 11,

Mr. SMITH introduced an ordinance which was read three times and passed, to amend section 8, of the ordinance to regulate public markets -the object being to prevent persons from backing up old carts and other vehicles to secure

stands before bringing in their marketing. Mr. Wilson offered a resolution, which was adopted, donating from the appropriation for Incidental Expenses one hundred dollars to the Committee of Arrangements for the entertainment of the returned volunteers, for the purpose of assisting in defraying the expenses of

said entertainment. Resolutions were adopted, authorizing a contract for paving and grading on Front street, to be made with JOHN W . HUGHES; also a contract or grading and paving on South Public Lane, with Jacon S. Winans, and one for grading and

paving on Long street, with John Cain. Mr. STAURING offered a resolution which was adopted, granting the Fifth Ward Home Guards permission to occupy the South Engine House

for the purpose of drilling.

On motion of President Donaldson, the Police Committee were instructed to discharge all extra policemen.

The Council then adjourned. RIOTOUS SOLDIERS--THE MILITARY ORDERED

Our .-- We regret to record the fact that some of the returned volunteers behaved very disorderly and riotously in the city yesterday, probably owing in great part to the influence of the bad liquor they had too freely imbibed.

In the afternoon, a large number of volunteers gathered about the corners of High and State streets, and committed various outrages. Several of them entered the establishment of Mr. WAGNER, on State street, breaking plates, glass, etc., and defacing and destroying furniture. Two of these rioters were arrested and taken to the station-house.

The following military order was issued yesterday afternoon :

HEADQUARTERS ORIO MILITIA, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, COLUMBUS, July 30, '61.

SPECIAL ORDER, 7 No. 564. Captain Parks and Captain Crum will assem-ble their companies forthwith, armed, and place their commands under the orders of the Mayor of the city of Columbus, for the preservation of

the public peace.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief. C. P. BUCKINGHAM, Adjutant General

DISTRIBUTION OF ARMS .- From March 4th to July 21st 1861, three hundred and twenty-three thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight muskets and rifles were issued from the various United States arsenals. Of this number Ohio drew

AT Next Thursday, August 1, is the twentyseventh anniversary of British West India Emancipation. The colored folks of Cincinnati are preparing to celebrate the day.

Il In blasting for the foundation of the new Water-works at Cincinnati, a stream of salt water was struck on Monday last, eight feet and one inch below low water mark.

LTA correspondent from the seat of war writes—"Our soldlers are charmed every night with the lays of the nightingale." To which the Boston Pest rejoins—"They would be a good deal more charmed with the lays of a hea."

IF "The Pulpit and the Rostrum," is the title of a serial published by H. H. Lloyd & Co., New York, at \$1 for twelve numbers or ten cents a single number. It contains sermons, orations, popular lectures, etc. Nos. 20 and 21, published in one pamphlet, contains EDWARD probability is that the sum total will not fall EVERETT'S oration on the "Questions of the short of 10,000. Day," delivered at the New York Academy of hundred Music, on the 4th of July last.

We had a fine rain, though not very copious, on Sunday last, and a brief, but dashing shower yesterday forenoon. These have moist ened the dry upper crust of the parched earth,

The Great Battle at Stone Bridge Terrible Scenes.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Enquirer.] MANASSAS JUNCTION, July 21,-The severest battle that was ever fought in this country took place to day between the Confederates and Federal forces. As stated to you a few days ago, the armies had faced each other until it was the armies had faced each other until it was the armies had faced each other until it was able gentleman from South Carolina, who had a collision must ensue. About 8 o'clock this morning, a part of the Federal forces, about 10,000 strong, commenced an attack on the Confederate troops at Stone Bridge, tack on the Confederate troops at Stone Bridge, These regiments were under a cannonade the supplies of supplies to supplies to supplies to supplies the supplies to supplies to supplies the supplies to supplies the supplies to supplies the supplies to supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies to supplies the supplies the supplies the supplies to supplies the supplies to supplies the s on the turnpike, six miles above here, numbering only 600, being the 4th Alabama Regiment trom sunrise to sunder Col. Sloane. Such was the suddenness of the charge, that the regiment suffered greatly, but like the immortal Spartans, they held of the enemy gave their ground until reinforcements came up. The enemy succeeded in crossing the Run, but were forced back in the evening, and made the retreat in the utmost disorder. The Confederates had on the field about 30,000. Two intelligent prisoners, who were taken, stated that the nemy had from 70,000 to 90,000 picked troops on the ground, and yet they were forced to re-treat, and leave the field to the victorious

It would be unjust to discriminate among the various regiments, for all did their work well. Virginia, Norh Carolins, South Carolina, Geor-gia, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, Texas, Arkansas, Kentucky, and perhaps little Florida, have united their destinies this day in eterna bonds of friendship, sealed in blood. May i ever continue, and strengthen as time shall

Ex-Governor Smith was active in the engage ment with the portion of the regiment assigned to him, and elicited the warmest expressions of

admiration from General Beauregard.
It is sad to think that the folly of our invad-BRUCK and 15 others, asking for an ordinance ers has caused much grief to the firesides of to grade and pave the sidewalks and gutters on Southerners, but when it is remembered that ern Independence, it will be a lasting honor to the families of those who fall in its prosecu

By the way, General Beauregard must be man of great and active mind. He was upon the field the whole day, and planned the move ments with precision. His horse was shot from under him by a cannon ball, which shows he was not far from the scene of battle. He was was not far from the scene of battle. He was all the while perfectly calm and collected, and seemed to regard the occurrence as a mere in-cident of war. Capt. Murray and Lieut. H. Clay Ward, of

the Fauquier Guards, lately gotten up, had an important position.
Several hundred prisoners of the enemy have

been captured and brought to this station to night.
P. S.—A gentleman who has just arrived from the field of battle states that Lieut. Caleb Smith was badly wounded in the hip, and H. Clay Ward is probably killed. He received a deadly shot, and seems to be conscious of his condition. He bears it with fortitude and resig-

nation.

Among the prisoners is Gen. Wilcox, late of the Alexandria Federal command, who was wounded and captured. Lieut. Ramsey, of the Federal artillery, is killed. The whole field is covered with the dead and dying of the enemy. Blankets, hats, knapsacks, guns, pistols, etc. lie in thousands over the field. After the retreat of the enemy, the cavalry, about 2000 strong, pursued them about six miles, cutting down and capturing all the detached parties they could find. The cavalry suffered but little loss. The prisoners all confirm the fact that the very best troops, artillery and other appurtenances of the Federal Government, were used in the action of to-day, which were defeated and driven from the field.

Gen. Beauregard commanded the Confederation

ate troops in person, was in the thickest of the fight, and rallied his men with an enthusiasm almost unbounded, telling them he was ready to die with them or gain the victory.

[From the Richmond Enquirer, July 24.] A vast concourse assembled early yesterday evening at the Central Railroad depot to await the arrival of the train from Manassas. So the arrival of the train from Manassas. So great was the crowd that, in anticipation of the arrival of the wounded, it was deemed necessary by the committee appointed to receive them, to set a strong guard to prevent the pressure of the people around the train when it should arrive. By this means, the track and a considerable space on either side of it was kept clear, though the car tops, fences, and all the eminen-ces in the vicinity were thronged with the ex-pectant crowd. At a quarter past seven, the first train arrived, bringing twenty wounded soldiers and the bodies of four of our dead— Gen. Bartow, Col. Johnston, a private of the Montgomery Guard, named James Driscol, and

another, whose name we could not learn. another, whose name we could not learn.

During the excitement attending the anxious inquiries after friends, and the crowding to look upon the dead and wounded, it was whispered through the crowd that President Davis was on the train. Immediately a rush was made in search of the distinguished statesman and chieftain, and a thousand shouts rent the air with

wild huzzas as his well known face and figure were discovered. Though travel-worn and evidently fatigued by the trying scenes through which he had passed in the last two days, the President could not deny the enthusiastic citizens the pleasure of hearing from his own mouth something of

the glorious deeds so recently achieved by our brave and invincible patriot soldiers. brave and invincible patriot soldiers.

In a strain of fervid elequence, he eulogized the courage, the endurance and patriotism of our vistorious troops; and to the memory of our honored dead, who shed their life's blood on the battle-field in the glorious cause of their country, he paid a glowing tribute, which could not fail to dim with tears the eyes of the least feeling among his because.

feeling among his hearers.

He pronounced the victory great, glorious and complete. He said we had whipped them this time and could whip them as often as they offer-

ed us the opportunity. ARRIVAL OF PRISONERS. This unannounced arrival of our President took the citizens by surprise. Had they known of his coming, such an evation would have greeted his return as never before was witnessed in the Old Dominion.

in the Old Dominion.

Just behind the train which brought the President, there arrived a second, bringing five hundred and eighty five Hessian prisoners, twenty-five of whom are commissioned officers, and thirty of Elisworth's Fire Zouaves. Passengers by this train inform us that several hundred other prisoners were left at Manassas, and that

order directing the saloons in the city to be closed by ten o'clock.

By The H S. District Court at Cincipnesi

If The U. S. District Court at Cincinnati adjourned yesterday to the 10th of September. It will hold a short session prior to the October term.

An officer of the army, who arrived here yesterday, says that he witnessed the onset of our soldiers, the Arkanasa regiment, he believes, on the New York Zouaves, and that it was a terrible spectacle. They threw down their guns and made the charge with their brandished bowle-knives. The Zouaves at first seemed petripled with amazement. Then, as their assailand in the two places and fenced up the ants knocked aside their bayonets, and fell upon them with their furious blades, they fairly sore amed with terror, and field in the utmost constraints. They were nearly exterminated.

The Pulpit and the Rostrum." is the lights of burning the attack on the boat.

Impresence, July 29.—The steamer White Cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States the same with the recognition of Southern independence is the issue in the troops were killed and wounded.

It is reported that the troops had destroyed the troops and fenced up the cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of United States the cloud, coaveying a party of United States that he cloud, coaveying a party of U

The Richmond Whig of the 24th, says:
The train brought down some 600 prisoners,
and there are about 1200 more to come. There
are 65 officers among them.
It is not yet possible to determine the number

Our own casualties will not exceed twelve

From the Richmond Whie, 24th.

THE HAMPTON LEGION. Members of this body who arrived here on Monday wounded, from the battle field, report some thrilling incidents of the conflict, among which are the following:

meet at the City Hall, in the City of Columbus, on Saturaday, the 3d of August, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State Convention on the 7th of August, to nominate a State ticket.

The following is the number of delegates allotted to each ward, based upon the vote cast for Supreme Judge in 1860, allowing one for each fifty, at 1 an additional delegate for each fraction of twenty-five votes so cast:

ened the dry upper crust of the parched earth, and awakened nature throughout the entire from under him, seized a rifle, and said, "Watch me, boys; do as I do." He then shot down successively several Federal officers who were leading their forces against him. Gen. Beauregard then came up and said, "Take that battery." Just at that moment the flag of the legion was shot down. Beauregard said, "Hand it to me; let me bear the Palmetto flag." He did bear it in the fury of the fight. Colonel Johnston, of the legion, was slain in the charge.

The Hampton Legion promised to defend the flag presented to them by the ladies of the Palgard and Johnston Leading the metto State while one of them remained to Columns-Their Daring Deeds of step the field of conflict. That this promise Bravery-Great Victory of the South will be sacredly redeemed, no one will doubt, ern Forces-The Defeat of the Fed- when he comes to learn that of the eight hund eral Army-Killed and Wounded- red who went into the field on Sunday, one hundred and ten sealed their fidelity with their blood, that being the number of their killed and

wounded, according to the unofficial accounts. Louisiana's Sacrifice upon the Altar of Liberty-Major Wheat's Battation-Only 100 out of 400

Escaped Unhurt.

Just before sundown, when the right wing of the enemy gave way, they were ordered to charge a battery on their front, which they executed in a gallant style, under the command of General Bonham, the enemy promptly retiring. These regiments suffered only

Lieut. Dickinson, the Adjutant of the independent battalion from Louisiana, commanded by Major Robert Wheat, is wounded by a Minie ball in his thigh, and is here well attended .--He says that out of the 400 of Wheat's command engaged, less than 100 escaped being either killed or wounded.

SEVENTH VIRGINIA REGIMENT, Manassas, July 27. Lieut. J. T. Walton was slightly woun fighting gallantly. Pucket and six of Captain Forearre's men were killed-my son among the James Walton was unhurt. lost 22 killed and 118 wounded. The Seventh Regiment covered itself with glory. I am

L. I. GARTRELL. RILLED AND WOUNDED AT THE SATTLE OF STONE

BRIDGE. The following is a partial list of killed and wounded, obtained from officers and privates Manassas, by our correspondent there : SECOND VIRGINIA REGIMENT.

Col. Nelson, mortally wounded. Botts Greys-Private Manning, mortally wounded; private Timberlake, mortally wound ed; private Eiscler, mortally wounded; private Middlekoff, slightly wounded.

FOURTH VIRGINIA REGIMENT Rockbridge Greys--Private Goolsby, mortally wounded; private Cox, mortally wounded; private Marstella, slightly wounded Montgomery Fencibles--Lieut. Langbo elightly

FOURTH ALABAMA REGIMENT. Lieut. John Simpson, company H, probably

Privates, Jas. Jackson, of Florence, wounded; Tom Kirkman, of Florence, wounded; Col. Jones, severely wounded; Major Scott, wound ed; Chas. Weem, wounded. SECOND VIRGINIA REGIMENT-

Capt. Roam, mortally wounded; Captain Clarke, slightly wounded; Capt. Chambers, Filled.

The statement that Cap Back. Public business is nearly all finished.

Privates, Scott Disham, company C, killed; Palmgrate, company C, killed; Samuel Ritter, company C, wounded; C. Whiting, company C, wounded; Mead, Clarke county, company

WASHINGTON ARTILLERY, OF NEW ORLEANS. Sergeant Joshua Reynolds, killed-struck in the forehead by a shell while giving word of Privates, John Payne, wounded; Crutcher

HAMPTON LEGION, OF B. C. Col. Hampton, wounded; Lieut. Col. Johnson, killed; Lieut. Eagan, of Davis' Guards, killed.

Privates, Courie, Washington Light Infantry, Charleston, wounded; Bouknight, Watson Guards, slightly wounded; Brown, Washington COL. SLOAN'S FOURTH S. C. REGIMENT.

Corporal W. A. Young, of Capt. Hollins-worth's company, killed, and Capt. Poole, mor-tally wounded. SECOND VIRGINIA REGIMENT-COL. ALLEN'S. E. O. Burgess, company F, killed; Isaac N. Glaize, company F, killed; Isaac
N. Glaize, company F, killed; Wm. Young,
company F, killed; Lloyd Powell, company F,
killed; Capt. Clark, company F, wounded; Wm.
Glen, wounded; Strother Barton, wounded;
Richard Meade, wounded; Wm. Hobson, wounded; Chas. Mitchell, mortally wounded;
Kidd, wounded.

THIRTIETH VIRGINIA REGIMENT. Capt. Winston Bradford, from Bedford,

Radford's Rangers, killed; Edley Irvin, same company, killed; private Fuqua Ciay, dragoons, company A, Radford's Rangers, killed; Corporal C. Turpin, wounded, same company. COL. CASH'S EIGHTH SOUTH CAROLINA REGIMENT.

Lieut. Cook, company H, wounded; Capt. Harrington, company G, wounded; Capt.

Cook, company G, wounded; privates
Cook, company G, wounded; Long, (company G,
wounded; White, company C, killed; Ellaby,
company C, wounded; Dixon, company F, kill

Capt. Harrington, of company G, (Colonel Cash's South Carolina regiment), captured Hon. Mr. Ely, or Erly, a member of the U.S. Congress from Rochester district, N. Y.,—an amateur fighter. 28th VIRGINIA REGIMENT, COL. R. T. PRESTON.

Company B—Capt. R. C. Runnels and private Z. F. Nutter, alightly wounded.
Captain Kent's Company—First Lieutenant R. W. Saunders, wounded; Ed. Langhorne, killed. General Kirby Smith, of Regular Army, was only wounded and not killed, as first re-

Colonel R. T. Preston took Colonel Wilcox, of the Michigan Regiment, one captain and three privates prisoners, with his own hands. GEN. JOHNSTON'S STAFF.

Colonel Thomas, killed; Colonel Mason GEN. BEE'S STAFF.

Col. C. H. Stevens wounded. SIXTH NORTH CAROLINA BEGINENT.

Washington, July 30.—A special dispatch says, Captain Tompkins, of the United States cavalry, captured 29 rebels back of Fort Corcoran to-day.

TELEGRAPHIC.

United States Troops Fired On-Build ings Burned in Retaliation.

the attack on the boat.

From New Mexico. INDEPENDENCE, Mo., July 28.—The Santa Fe Mail and Carson Valley Express arrived here this A. M. at 3 o'clock, three days ahead of time, with dates from the former place to the 15th, and from the latter to the 19th.

Estimated at 105,300 bares, of which 95,000 are American.

American.

The Daily News culogises the message and says it sets at rest the question of compromise, and the Government is now in a position to secure by its energetic action the sympathy of for-Business matters in New Mexico have no change for the better, although the seasonable rains which have fallen during the past three weeks give promise of an abundant harvest, and possibly a revival of trade.

Hon. Thos. Cabaza de Baco has declined being a candidate as delevate to Communication.

to Washington, desiring to be recognized as agent for New Mexico in the extra session now being held.

On the arrival of the steamer batamote, with Col. Duryea's Regiment, on Saturday, several contraband negroes, who had smuggled themselves aboard, were pointed out to the police by the Colonel, and immediately arrested

From Washington. Washington, July 29.—Capt. Allen of Mass. and two other Federal soldiers have just arrived from Centerville. One was a member of the 71st New York, and the other, Orland Waidrof. of the Wisconsin 21 Regiment. They were prisoners at Sudley Church, but escaped. Capt. Allen says the rebels admitted the loss of 1,500 killed in the battle of Sunday. The rebels have 600 of our men prisoners, but they are well

The rebels refuse to bury the bodies of the Zouaves, and any one with red shirts or pants of Zouave cut, fares badly at their hands. Col. Wood, of the Brooklyn Regiment, pris-oner at Richmond, is badly wounded in the leg.

t is thought he would recover. Col. Slocum had died afterwards.

The captured United States Surgeons are

employed in attending wounded soldiers.—

The enemy claim to have forty-two Federal officers and twelve medical men among the prisoners.

The bill providing for direct taxation and a

system of internal duties will undoubtedly be amended in Congress.

No heavy land tax will pass on account of the opposition of western members. Ample provis-ion will be made for the punctual payment of interest on the national loan.

Col. Farnham, of the New York Zonaves, is

doing well this morning, and his recovery is confidently expected. Persons who have arrived here from the lines of the rebel army, report that Gen. Beauregard intends to make a movement upon Washington by way of Leesburg. There is no alarm here in consequence of the report.

The most trustworthy accounts which have seen received here from Manassas Junction, place the whole rebel force which was concen trated at that point on Sunday at from 50,000 to 60,000 men--20,000 of whom took part in the battle.

Washington, July 29 -The Postoffice Department has issued the following: Postmasters will take notice that all prepaid letters to soldiers in any regiment in service, and directed to them at points where they have been stationed, may be forwarded whenever practicable to any other point to which they may have been ordered without further charge thereon for forwarding.

J. A. KASSON,

1st Assist. P. M. General. [Tribune's Dispatch.] A squad of Capt. Chamberlain's company of cavalry captured two rebels last evening.

Signed.

of this sprung a report that Lieut. Tompkins captured 29 last right.

The Illinois delegation have recommended. the following gentlemen for Brigadiers-General: Messrs. McClernand and Richardson, of the House; Gen. J. S. Prentiss, whose appointment has been determined upon; Colonels W. H. Wallace, John Palmer, Kason and Capt. Grant. It is believed the names of Grant and McCler-

The Sanitary Commissioners passed a series of resolutions to day to the effect that the first sanitary law in camp is military discipline, and the first element of military discipline is good It is believed the direct tax bill which passed

the House to-day, will fail in the Senate. That body is not likely to go farther than an income tax. The Senate was obliged to adjourn in onsequence of the absence of Republican Sen-It is generally conceded that the two Houses

inforced by double the number of three months' men who have left him is without foundation. According to the officer who left him yesterday the whole force is only from 10,000 to 12,000.

It is understood that Gen. McClellan is to be

entrusted with almost plenary powers, substan-tially those of Commander-iz-Chief within his The Assistant Secretary of State has gone to New York, as a special messenger from the President and Gov. Seward, to invite the Prince Napoleon and the Princess Clotilda to pay a visit to Washington, and while there to make the White House their home.

[World's Special] Advices received here to day from a source not proper to mention, is that the rebels are not mplating an advance on Washington, but

contemplating an advance on Washington, but are moving towards Harper's Ferry.

It is believed in military circles that both Gen. Wool and Gen. Harney will be promptly placed in command of columns in the Grand Army being now so rapidly assembled here.

It is stated that cartridges, found on the battle field at Bull's Run, had marbles in instead of balls, and that some of the shells were filled with clay.

The following officers have been designated as a portion of the staff of Maj. Gen. McClellan; Major S. Williams, Assistant Adjutant General; Capt. S. Van Vliet, Assistant Quartermaster General; Capt. H. F. Clark, Assistant commissary General; Maj. W. F. Barr, Chief of Artillery. Nothing has been received from the War

Department to justify the report that General Banks has evacuated Harper's Ferry. He has no such order, but, on the contrary, is instructed to hold the position, which is a strong one.

Gen. Johnston, with his army, when last heard from, was on his way to Winchester; whether he intends to move his column towards
Harper's Ferry and give battle, is not known.
Such was the impression, under the beilef that
our forces there had been much weakened by
the withdrawal of the three months' men.—
Government is prepared for this.

The Fire Zouaves have, since the retreat,

The Fire Zouaves have, since the retrest, been in a state of almost insubordination, which reached its climax in open revolt on Saturday evening last. Acting Brigadier McGunn ordered out one of his regiments, and by bold and energetic action succeeded in suppressing the insurrection and disarming the whole regiment.

Nine of the Ellsworth Fire Zouaves attempted to desert to day but were ed to desert to day, but were caught in the act

and lodged in jall.

Capt. Waller, of Middletown, Conn., one of the aids of Get. Tyler and Lieut. Gorton, of Company B, Second U. S. Cavalry, aid to Col. Keyes, are missing.

Further by the Africa. NEW YORK, July 29.—The Globe newspaper, which has heretofore strongly sympathized with the North, in an article to-day on American affairs, says the sympathies of the British people, which were at first unmistakably with the North, are fast becoming allenated by the uncalled for assaults and misrepresentations of the

American press.

The Leader newspaper, government organ, divocates the government sending an additional number of troops to Canada before winter.

Additional by the Africa.

CAPE RACE, July 29.—English journals criticise Lincoln's message. The London Times says it altogether confirms the impression produced by the first message, and fears that he has outwelghed all chances of internicine war, and foresees as a bystander, that the recognition of Southern independence is the issue in which, after, infinite loss and humiliation, the

anthorized quotations: Fair Orleans 834, mid-dling 834; tair 1Mobiles 856, middling 8; fair uplands 856, middling 8. The stock in port is estimated at 105,300 bales, of which 98,000 are

eign powers.

More Contraband.

BALTIMOTE, July 30 -- It proves to be untrue that the Confederates gave the Federal troops at Newport News notice to avacuate. The ing a candidate as delegate to Congress, thus Confederate flag of truce was sent in for anothe purpose.

less be returned. Judge Watt has already gone On the arrival of the steamer Baltimore

> and placed in custody. WASHINGTON, July 30 .-- A special disparch to the World says the Confederate forces are mov-ing northeast and southeast from Manassas.— They intend three simultaneous attacks on the approaches to Washington. The centre will make a feigned attack on Arlington or Alexan-dria. There are pickets out five miles apart on the Potomac and the Chesapeake from Harper's

> Ferry to Fortress Mouroe. WASHINGTON, July 30,-The Douglas Democrats have repeatedly mentioned that though their party has largely contributed volunteers for the war, they have been neglected in the appointed Generals. The complaint is likely to be soon obviated in part by the selection of Col. McClernaud, of Illinois, a member of the

House of Representatives, as Brigadier Gen-Several days ago the House adopted a resolu-tion asking for the grounds and reasons why the Police Commissioners of the city of Baltimore were arrested and imprisoned. The President declines to furnish the information asked for, deeming that to do so would be incompatible with the public interest-

Cols. Farnham and Slocum Improv ing-Threatened Attack on Hamp. ton by the Rebels.

[Tribune's Special] Washington, July 30 .- Cols. Farnham an Slocum are both improving.

The regiment of teachers and students, ten ered by President Harvey of Illinois University,

has been accepted.

John Underwood, of Virginia, has been confirmed as 5th Auditor of the Treasury.

The Baltimore Clipper says nearly four hundred negroes appeared at Fortress Monroe on Friday night last, and claimed protection. It is said that Hampton was to be attacked by the rebels, and they had been advised to flee

Bird's Point Threatened.

[Special to the Tribune-]
CHICAGO, July 30.—The rumors of the approach of rebels and the intended assault are there is doubly vigilant, and in numbers and

war munitions they are prepared for war. [Special to the Post.] Rebels Sounding the Potomac-Move Washington, July 30.—A party of rebels were observed last night engaged in sounding the depth of the Potomac at Coons' Ford, above

Great Falls. Beauregard has sent parties of troops into Loudon county, Va., to procure provisions and wagons.

Gen. McClellan has issued an order rorbid-ding the departing soldiers from taking their arms with them.

Two companies went out yesterday on the Fairfax road, a distance of ten miles from Alexndria, but saw no traces of the enemy. A slave, who has just arrived here from the Springfield Station, Va., asserts that there are o rebels at that point, but that a cons number of the enemy are posted at Buck's Sta tion, five miles above. Gen. Robert Anderson visited the Secretary

of War to-day.

Thirty-Seventh Congress--Extra Ser WASHINGTON, July 27.

Washington, July 27.

Senate.—Mr. Johnson of Tennesses, spoke at length on the resolution approving the acts of the President, and his eloquent remarks frequently elicited applause from the floor and galleries. He referred to, and rebuked Breckinridge's speech on the same subject previously reported, and closed with an appeal to the devernment to save them from the rain of the most corrupt and direful conspiracy ever seen in the world.

The resolution was postpoped till Monday.

Mr. Collamer of Verment, introduced a bill in addition to the act relative to duties on imports, which passed.—After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

The tariff bill was then taken up, the question being an amendment providing for a tax of five per cent. on an income of over one thousand dellars, except the income be derived from good securities, which are to be taxed two and a half per cent., which was agreed to.

Mr. Saulsbury moved to strike out the tax of 4c. on coffee. Lost.

The bill was further discussed, and the amendment of

coffee. Lost.

The bill was further discussed, and the nuendment of the committee finally adopted.

A message was read from the House, that it had passed the bill for the purchase of arms. By common consent the bill was taken up and passed.

The consideration of the Tariff bill was resumed, but for wast of a nuarum the Separts additional resumed.

The consideration of the Tariff bill was resumed, but for want of a quorum the Senate adjourned.

Washington, July 29.—Mr. Fessenden, from the Committee on Finances, reported back the act supplementary of the act authorizing a loan, with an amendment. The amendment authorizes the issue of five dollar Treasury notes. The amendment was agreed to, and the bill passed.

Mr. Hals reported from the Committee on Conference on the bill to appoint an Assistant Secretary of the Navy. The report was agreed to, and the bill passed.

Also, the report of the Committee of Conference on the bill increasing the Medical Corps of the Navy. Reportagreed to. The bill stands passed.

Houss.—The resolution approving the acts of the

portagreed to. The bill stands passed.

House.—The resolution approving the acts of the President was postponed till Monday.

After various amandments had been dehated, the enacting clause, on motion of Mr. Mallory, of Kentucky, was stricken out—yeas 58, nays 55. The committee them rose, when this fact was reported to the House.

Mr. McClermand, of Illinois, moved that the bill be recommitted to the committee on Ways and Means, with instructions to reduce one half the amount of direct taxes apportioned to the States in the first section of the bill, and to make up the amount deaired by extending the list of taxable personal property.

Mr. Morrill of Versmont, suggested a medification, which Mr. McClermand accepted, that the committee on Ways and Means be instructed to report forthwith a bill on a basis of \$20,000,000 by direct taxation, and that such other sums as may be necessary to be raised on the personal income or wealth of the country.

The question was taken on Mr. McClermand's motion, as modified by Mr. Morrill, and determined in the affirmative—yeas 78, nays 33.

The House then adjourned.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS

PLOUE—The market at the opening was a shade: with fair demand, in part for expert, but afterward be dull; and closed with no buyers at the outside quota Sales of 10,000 barrels at \$4 0584 10 for supstate; \$4 2586 40 for extra state; \$3 6084 10 for supstate; \$4 2586 40 for common to medium western; \$4 9085 00 for shipping brands extra shoop Ohic; \$5 1086 10 for trade brands extra shoop Ohic; \$5 1086 10 for trade brands do. The ket for Canadian flour is a fittle more steady. Sa 750 barrels at \$3 9584 for superfine, and \$4 258 common to choice extra.

99 4023 80.

OOAN MEAL—Stendy at \$2 95 for choice and \$3 10 for Brandywine.

WHISKY—Market quiet and stendy. Hales o WHEAT—Has sgain advanced, to per houses, and the market closed with a duit feeling. Sales of 4,460 bash-his Ohloago spring at 85-205; 500 busheln rejected do. at 70c, 13,500 busheln Recine spring at 88-200; 53,600 busheln Rejected flo. at 800; 35,000 busheln Amber Iowa at \$1 01 \$1 02; 4,000 busheln new red Delaw re at \$1.22; 1,900 busheln new white Maryland at \$1.28; 31,100 busheln wilnigg red western at \$1.1481.1014.

RYE—Without important change to notice. Sales of 1,000 bushels western at 476.

BARLEY—Dull and nominal.

OBIN—Is to per bushel lower, with a good export demand at the declined trade. Sales 16,500 bushels at 4433

fic for mixed western; 42445c for fair to good do; 38

fields for unsound.

OATS—In moderate request at 37331c for Jersey; 25

B28c for Canada, and 326315/5c for saise and western.

PORK—Quiet and prices without material change.
Bales of 630 barrels at \$15 25 for miss, and \$10310 25

for prime. for prime.

BEFF—The market is more active and rules very firm in part for government, at \$4@4.50 for country prime \$5.65.50 country mess; \$8@10.50 for repacked mess \$11.50@12.50 for extra mess. Prime mess beef dull an

BEEF HAMS-Quiet and unchanged. OUT MEATS-Rule dull at 41/25c for shoulders

and 5@6c for hams. BACON—Quiet and nominal.

Cleveland Market. PLOUR-Market inactive and unchanged. No sal reported.
WHEAT—Quiet. Sales of 1,800 bushels red after and one car red on track at 90c; and one car new white

94c. CORN—Quiet and unchanged. OATS—Quiet at 22c. HIGHWINES—Firm at 15c. No sales reported. BUTTER—Sales of 107 kegs common to goo EGGS-Quiet. Sales at 8c.

Cincinnati Market. CIRCINNATI, July 30.

In a general way there was but little business done today. Grocers continue to acquire confidence in the leading staples, and put better figures upon them.

MOLASSES—May now be quoted at 32@33c, as the
prevailing figure. Sales of 300 barrels were recorded at
those figures.

FLOUR—There was some demand to-day for bakes
prands but it was majory of a local character, and did
prands but it was majory of a local character, and did

brands, but it was mainly of a local character, and did not relieve the market of its heavy expression. Su-perfine had but few buyers at better than \$3.50@ \$3.60.

WHEAT—Ran through quite a wide range in quotations to-day. We still quote new red at 70c, old at 80c, new white at 75@85c, and ald at 80@90c.

CORN—Is held higher, and cannot easily be had at less than 20c.

han 29c.

OATS—Are less firm, and will not command over 23c.

BARLEY—Was sold to day at 40c.

RYE—Is quoted at 41@43c, but is in only moderate emand. WHISKY-Sold freely at 131/c.

CHILDREN TEETHING

MRS. WINSLOW n experienced Nurse and Female Physician, pre

OOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by soft-ening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will-allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselve RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS. We have put up and sold this article for over ten years and CAN SAY, IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH, of it,

and CAN SAY, IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH, of it, what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED, IN A SINGLE INSTANCE, TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its majical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW;" after ten years' experience. AND FLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULLILMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fitteen or twenty minutes after the group is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with NEVER FAIL.

the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with NEVER FAIL-ING SUCCESS in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigor ates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost in stantly relieve

keeping the town and camp in a forment of ex- GRIPING IN THE BOWELS, AND WIND COLIO citement, but it has never been traced to a reliable source. Our scouts report large mounted bodies of rebels delly coming up through Sykesville Terminus, Cairo & Fulton railroad, and concentrating in the vicinity of Walkin's Camp, forty miles from here. This threatens our position at Bird's Point. Our encampment PREJUDICES NOR THE PREJUDICES OF OTHERS stand between you and your suffering child, and the relief that will be SURE—yes. ABSOLUTELY SURE—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Fall directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

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Compound, FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR ts original color without dyeing, and preventing FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS, curing it, when there is the least particle of vitali

FOR REMOVING SCURF AND DANDRUF And all cutaneous affections of the Scalp. FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR. imparting to it an unequied gloss and brilliancy, making t soft and silky in its texture, and causing it to cur

maliy.

The great celebrity and increasing demand for this up The great celebrity and increasing demand for this un-equaled preparation, convinces the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from dandruff and other cutaneous discarce, causing the hair to grow luxuriantly giving it a rich, soft, glossy and flexible appearance, and also, where the hair is loosening and thinning, it will give strength and vigor to the roots and restore the growth to hose parts which have become baid, causing it to yield a resh covering of hair.

hose parts which have become baid, causing it to yield a resh covering of hair.

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen in New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations have failed. L. M. has in his possession letters innumerable testifying to the above facts, from persons of the highest redsectability. It will effectually prevent the hair from turning until the latest period of life; and in cases where the hair has already changed its color, the use of the Invigorator will with certainty restore it to it to its original hue, giving it a dark, glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facilities it affords in dressing the hair, which, when moist with the Invigorator, can be dressed in any required form so as to preserve its place, whether plainfor in curls; hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a standard toilet article which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being

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BPALDING'S PREPARED OLUE meets all such emergencies, and no household can to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the ing point. "URRUL IN STREY HOUSE." N. B.—A Brush accompanies each hottle.